

NASDAQ – ALXO

ALX[™]
ONCOLOGY

Corporate Overview

May 2026

Forward-Looking Statements

Certain information set forth in this presentation contains “forward-looking information”, under applicable laws collectively referred to herein as forward-looking statements. Except for statements of historical fact, information contained herein constitutes forward-looking statements and includes, but is not limited to the (i) results and cost and timing of our product development activities and clinical trials; (ii) completion of the Company’s clinical trials that are currently underway, in development or otherwise under consideration; (iii) our expectations about the timing of achieving regulatory approval and the cost of our development programs; (iv) projected financial performance of the Company; (v) the expected development of the Company’s business, projects, collaborations and joint ventures; (vi) execution of the Company’s vision and growth strategy, including with respect to global growth; (vii) sources and availability of third-party financing for the Company’s research and development; (viii) future liquidity, working capital, and capital requirements; and (ix) industry trends. These and other risks are described more fully in ALX Oncology’s filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”), including ALX Oncology’s Annual Report on Form 10-K and other documents ALX Oncology files with the SEC from time to time.

Although forward-looking statements contained in this presentation are based upon what management of the Company believes are reasonable assumptions, there can be no assurance that forward-looking statements will prove to be accurate. Actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements. The Company undertakes no obligation to update forward-looking statements if circumstances or management’s estimates or opinions should change except as required by applicable securities laws.

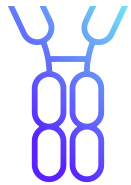
This presentation concerns product candidates that are under clinical investigation, and which have not yet been approved for marketing by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration. These product candidates are currently limited by federal law to investigational use, and no representation is made as to their safety or effectiveness for the purposes for which they are being investigated. Interim, initial and preliminary data from our clinical trials that we announce or publish from time to time may change as more patient data become available and are subject to audit and verification procedures that could result in material changes in the final data.

This presentation also contains estimates and other statistical data made by independent parties and by ALX Oncology relating to market size and growth and other industry data. This data involves a number of assumptions and limitations, and you are cautioned not to give undue weight to such estimates. In addition, projections, assumptions, and estimates of ALX Oncology’s future performance and the future performance of the markets in which it operates are necessarily subject to a high degree of uncertainty and risk.

A registration statement on Form S-3 has been filed with and declared effective by the SEC. The offering of these securities will be made only by means of a prospectus supplement and base prospectus forming part of the effective registration statement relating to the securities. Copies of the prospectus supplement for this offering may be obtained, when available, by contacting Piper Sandler & Co., 350 North 5th Street, Suite 1000, Minneapolis, MN 55401, Attention: Prospectus Department, by telephone at (800) 747-3924, or by email at prospectus@psc.com; or Wells Fargo Securities, Attention: Equity Syndicate Department, 500 West 33rd Street, New York, New York, 10001, by telephone at (833) 690-2713 or by email at cmclientsupport@wellsfargo.com.

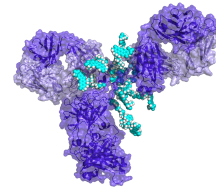
This presentation shall not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy these securities, nor shall thereby any sale of these securities in any state or jurisdiction in which such offer, solicitation, or sale would be unlawful prior to registration or qualification under the securities laws of any such state or jurisdiction.

ALX is Rapidly Advancing Novel Cancer Treatments



Evorpaccept

- Leading CD47 program in development with potential to be next targeted immunology breakthrough
- Unique design with inactive Fc differentiated from past attempts to target CD47
- Demonstrated activity in five combinations to date and a targetable CD47 biomarker
- Advancing trials in breast cancer and multiple myeloma*



ALX2004

- Highly differentiated EGFR ADC in Ph1 dose escalation in the US
- Meticulously designed and developed in-house to maximize therapeutic window
- Preclinical data support dose dependent activity and a differentiated safety profile
- Targeting EGFR-expressing tumors in Ph1 including NSCLC, CRC, HNSCC, and ESCC

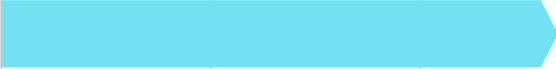




* Sanofi-sponsored trial; HNSCC: head and neck squamous cell carcinoma; CRC: colorectal cancer; NSCLC: non-small cell lung cancer; ESCC: esophageal squamous cell carcinoma

ALX Is Focused on Driving Toward Multiple Inflection Points in 2026-2027

PROGRAM	INDICATION	ANTICIPATED MILESTONES
EVORPACPT		
ASPEN-Breast Evorpcept, trastuzumab + chemotherapy	ENHERTU®-Experienced HER2-Positive Breast Cancer	Topline data for 80 patients – mid-2027
ALX2004		
ALX2004 Dose-escalation and expansion	EGFR-Expressing Solid Tumors	Safety data from dose escalation phase – 2H 2026

Projected Cash Runway through First Half of 2028

ALX Oncology is Pursuing a Focused Development Plan with Upcoming Catalysts in 2026

MODALITY / TARGET	PROGRAM	INDICATION	IND ENABLING	PHASE 1	PHASE 2	PHASE 3	STATUS
EVORPACEPT PROGRAMS							
Anti-Cancer Antibodies	ASPEN-09-Breast Evorpacept, Trastuzumab + chemotherapy	ENHERTU®-Experienced HER2-Positive Breast Cancer					Enrolling, topline data for 80 patients anticipated mid-2027
	SARCLISA® + Dexamethasone ¹ + Evorpacept	RRMM (Relapsed or Refractory Multiple Myeloma)					Dose escalation complete, now in dose optimization
	ASPEN-06 Evorpacept, Trastuzumab, CYRAMZA® + Paclitaxel ²	2L or 3L Advanced HER2-Overexpressing Gastric/Gastroesophageal Junction (GEJ)					Ph2 completed, established POC
	Zanidatamab ³ + Evorpacept	HER2-Expressing Breast Cancer and Other Cancers					Completed, biomarker analysis presented at ESMO Breast Cancer 2026
ALX2004 PROGRAM							
EGFR ADC	ALX2004 Dose-escalation and expansion	EGFR-Expressing Solid Tumors					Enrolling, dose escalation phase safety data 2H 2026

ALX-Sponsored trial ● Active Trials ● Completed Trials

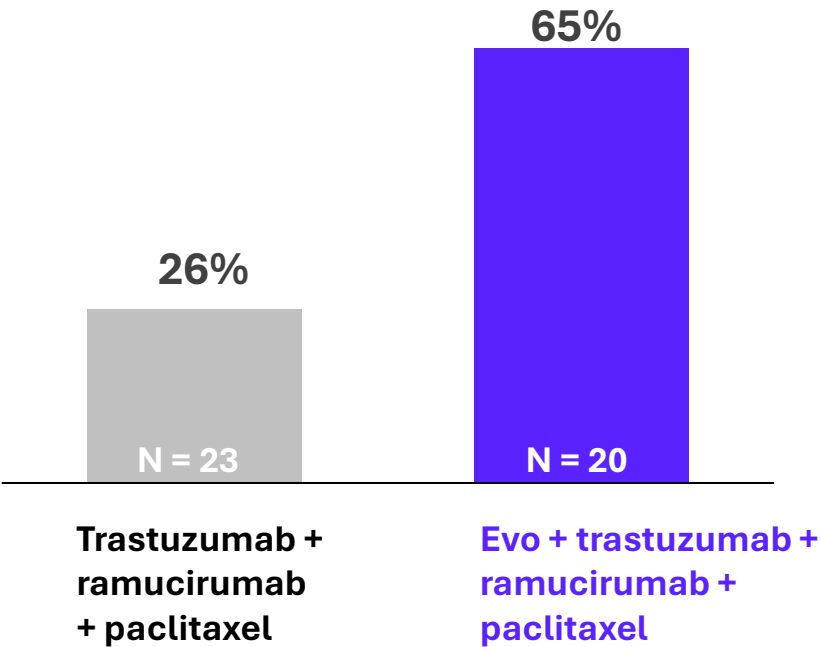
ALX Oncology retains worldwide rights to evorpacept; 1. Sanofi sponsors SARCLISA® clinical trial 2. Lilly supplies CYRAMZA® for ALX Oncology's ASPEN-06 program 3. Jazz Pharmaceuticals and ALX Oncology are collaborating to conduct the zanidatamab /evorpacept clinical trial



Clinical Data Support that Evorpaccept Improves Upon Anti-Tumor Activity of Standard of Care Anti-Cancer Antibodies in HER2+ Solid Tumors

HER2+ Gastric Cancer

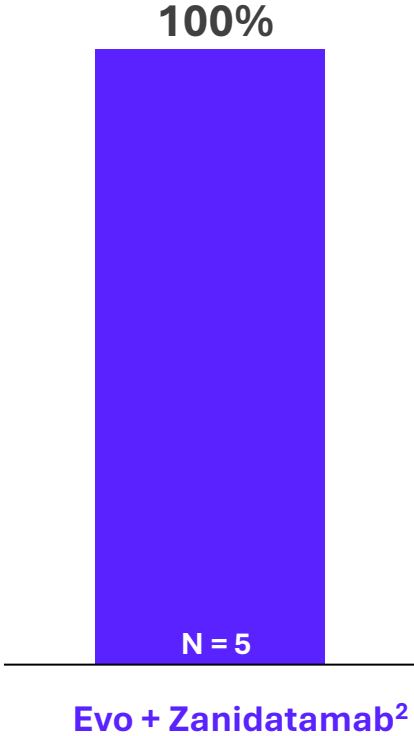
(CD47-high expression and retained HER2+¹)



ASPEN-06 subset, randomized Ph2

HER2+ Breast Cancer

(CD47-high expression and HER2+ by central assessment²)



Phase 1b/2 subset

ORR

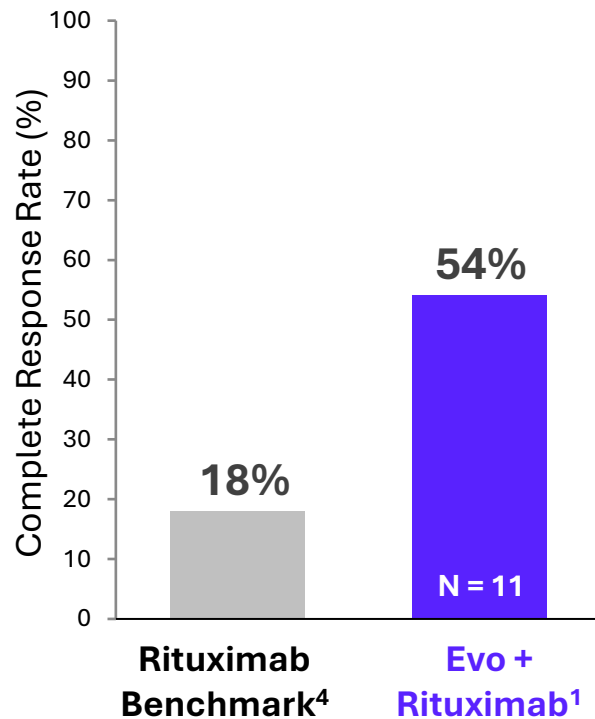
1. Wainberg et al., The 2025 Society for Immunotherapy of Cancer (SITC) Annual Meeting, November 5–9, 2025. Abstract #496. Note: Above results are based on pre-planned exploratory analysis of ASPEN-06 gastric study. CD47-high is ≥ 10% cells IHC3+; 2. ESMO Breast Cancer 2026, #72P; CD47 High = total membrane staining ≥ 20%; ORR = overall response rate; IST = investigator-sponsored trial



Evorpacept and Rituximab-Based Regimens Have Shown a Consistent Improvement Over Historic Benchmarks in Indolent Lymphoma

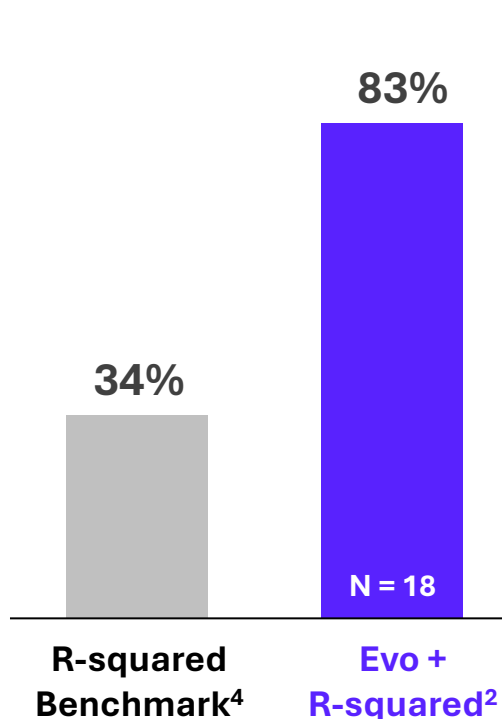
Evo + Rituximab in R/R indolent NHL¹

(ALX-sponsored ASPEN-01 Ph1B)



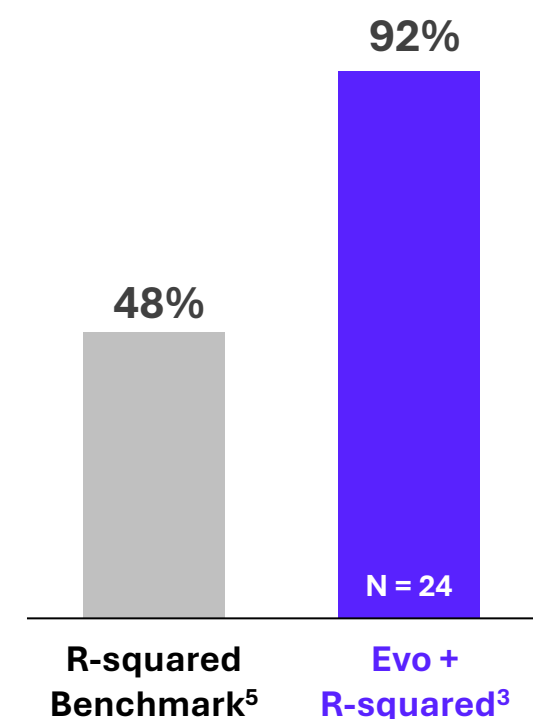
Evo + R-squared in 2L indolent NHL²

(MDACC Ph1 IST)



Evo + R-squared in untreated indolent NHL³

(MDACC Ph2 IST)



Improvement in complete response (CR) rate compared to historic benchmarks

1) ASPEN-01, Kim, *Haematologica*, 2025; 2) AACR 2024 #10285; 3) ASH 2025 #3571; 4) AUGMENT study, Leonard, *JCO*, 2019; 5) RELEVANCE study, Morschhauser, *NEJM*, 2018
Indolent lymphoma includes FL and marginal zone lymphoma; CR = complete response; IST = investigator-sponsored trial; FL = follicular lymphoma; R-squared = rituximab plus lenalidomide

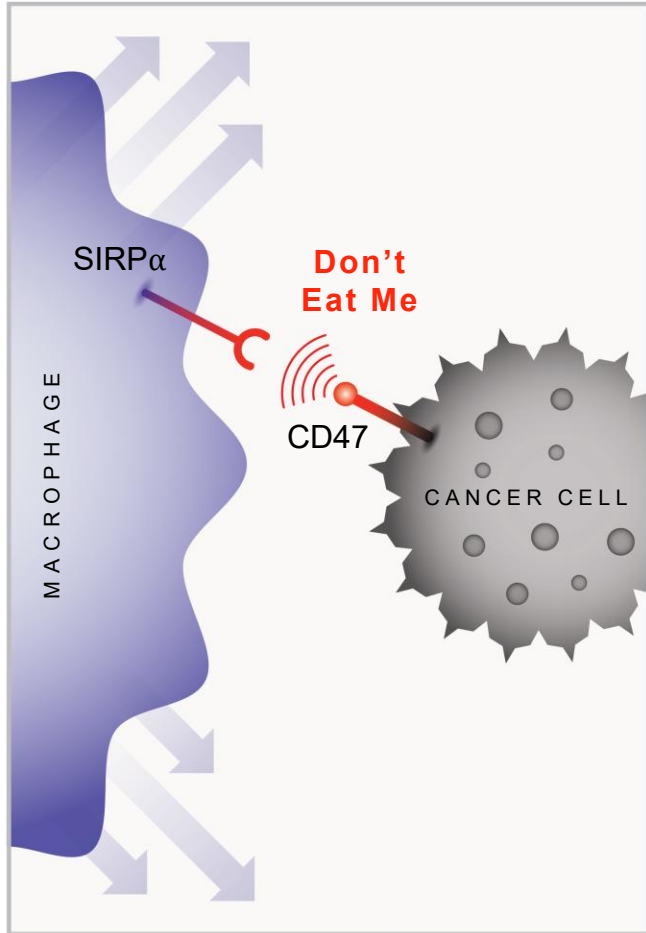


ALX

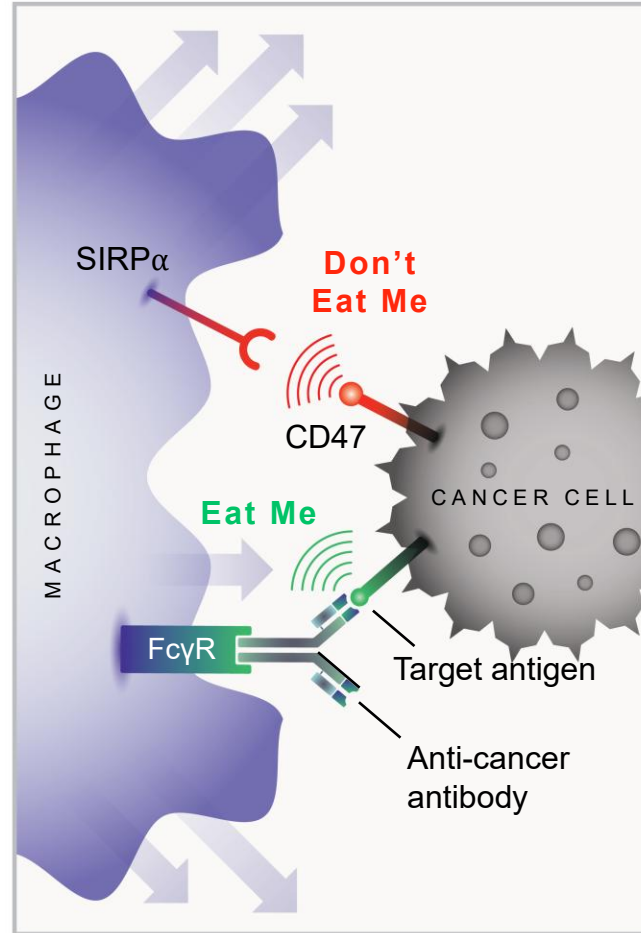
EVORPACPT

Advancing a Synergistic Approach to Cancer Treatment Leveraging CD47

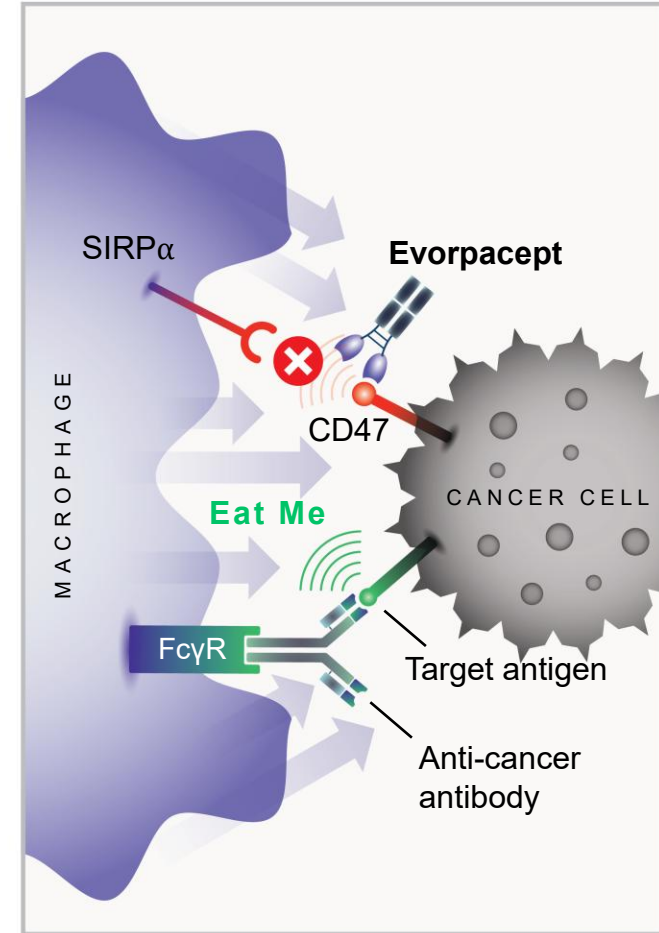
Evorpaccept Blocks the CD47-SIRP α Interaction, Enhancing the Targeted ADCP of Cancer Cells when Given in Combination with Anti-Cancer Antibodies



Cancer cells overexpress CD47 in order to evade immune detection



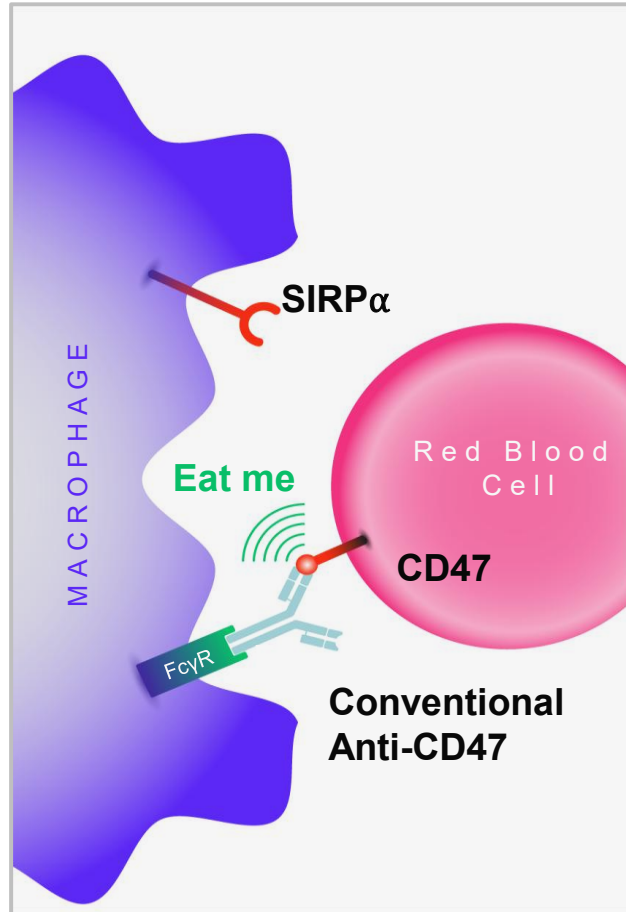
ADCP of anti-cancer antibodies is inhibited by CD47



Evorpaccept blocks the "don't eat me" signal and maximizes anti-cancer activity

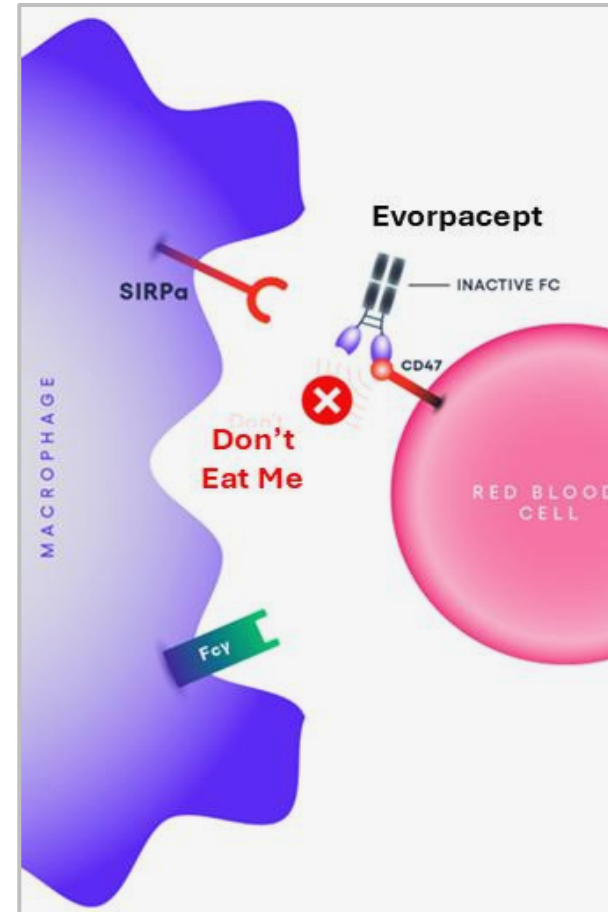
Evorpacept Is the Only CD47 Blocker with an Inactive Fc Designed to Avoid Toxicities Seen with Conventional Anti-CD47

Conventional anti-CD47 with Active Fc



Due to CD47's expression on red blood cells, this caused on-target, off-tumor toxicities

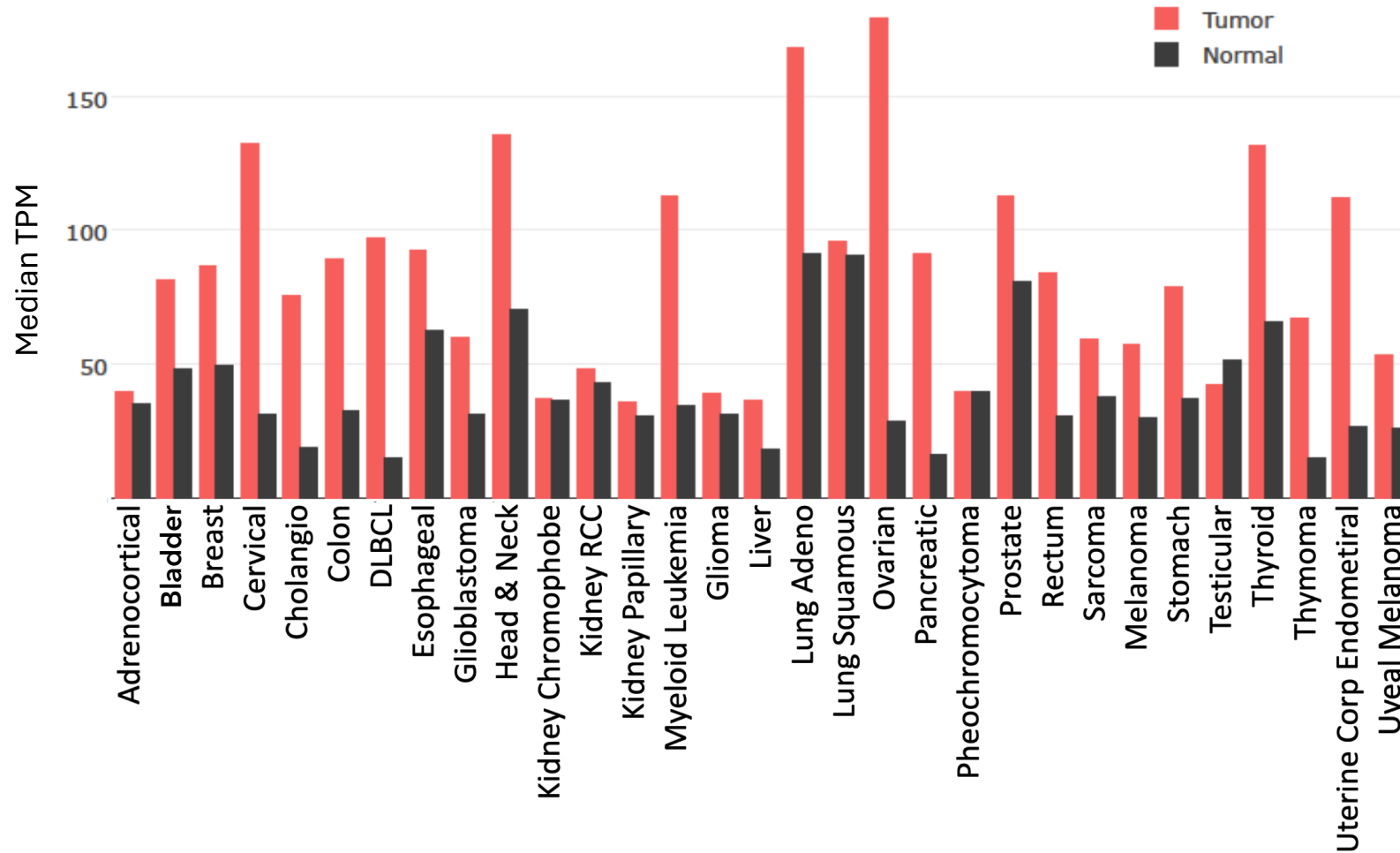
Evorpacept with Inactive Fc



Inactive Fc spares normal cells minimizing toxicity

CD47 is Overexpressed Across a Range of Solid and Heme Malignancies

CD47 Expression Levels from RNA Sequencing¹



- As a "marker of self", CD47 is expressed on all cell types²
- Cancer cells take advantage of this by overexpressing CD47
- Due to this, the vast majority of both solid and liquid tumors utilize CD47 to evade the immune system

1) Tang, et al, GEPIA, 2017; 2) Dheilly, et al, Mol. Ther., 2017; TPM = transcripts per million

Research in CD47 Over the Last 10+ Years Provides a Strong Foundation for Utilizing CD47 as a Negative Prognostic Biomarker

In a meta-analysis of 38 cohorts across 17 publications including >7,000 patients, “CD47 overexpression correlated with shorter OS in cancer patients”*

Increased CD47 expression is correlated with poor patient outcomes in many tumor types including¹:

- Oral squamous cell carcinoma²
- Nasopharyngeal carcinoma³
- Triple negative breast cancer⁴
- Ovarian cancer⁵
- Non-small cell lung cancer⁶
- Clear cell renal cell carcinoma⁷
- Hepatocellular carcinoma⁸
- Gastric adenocarcinoma⁹
- Colorectal adenocarcinoma¹⁰
- Head and neck squamous cell carcinoma¹¹
- Multiple myeloma¹²

*Yang et al, *Translational Cancer Research*, 2018; 1) Huang, et al, *Scientific Reports*, 2022; 2) Pai, et al, *Cells*, 2019; 3) Wang, et al, *OncoTargets & Ther.* 2020; 4) Yuan, et al, *Oncol Lett*, 2019; 5) Li, et al, *Am J Trans Res*, 2017; 6) Barrera, et al, *Br J Cancer*, 2017; 7) Jiang, et al, *Urol Oncol*, 2022; 8) Kim, et al, *J Clin Pathol*, 2021; 9) Shi, et al, *Cancer Imm, Imm*, 2021; 10) Kim, et al, *Diagnostics*, 2021; 11) Wu, et al, *Oncoimmunology*, 2018; 12) Rastgoo, et al, *Haematologica*, 2020; OS = overall survival



ALX

EVORPCEPT

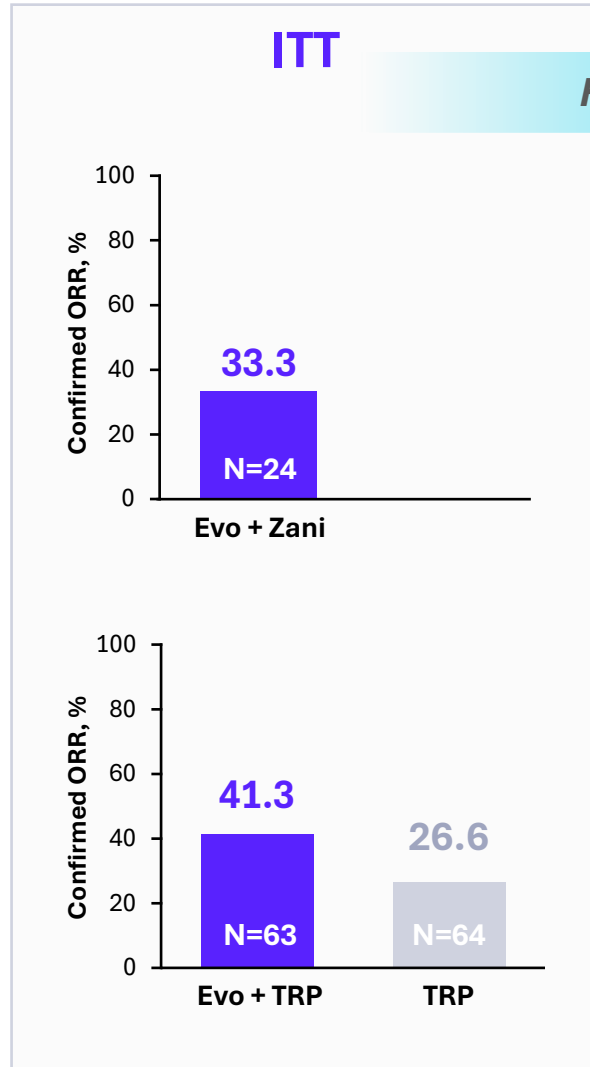
Clinical Data Summary

HER2+ Breast and Gastric Cancer

CD47 Overexpression Demonstrated Enrichment in Response Across 2 Independent HER2 Directed Trials with Evorpaccept

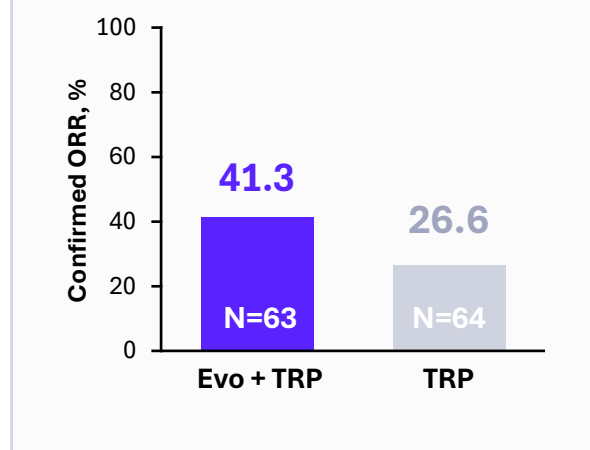
HER2+ Breast Cancer¹

Ph1b/2
Evo + Zani

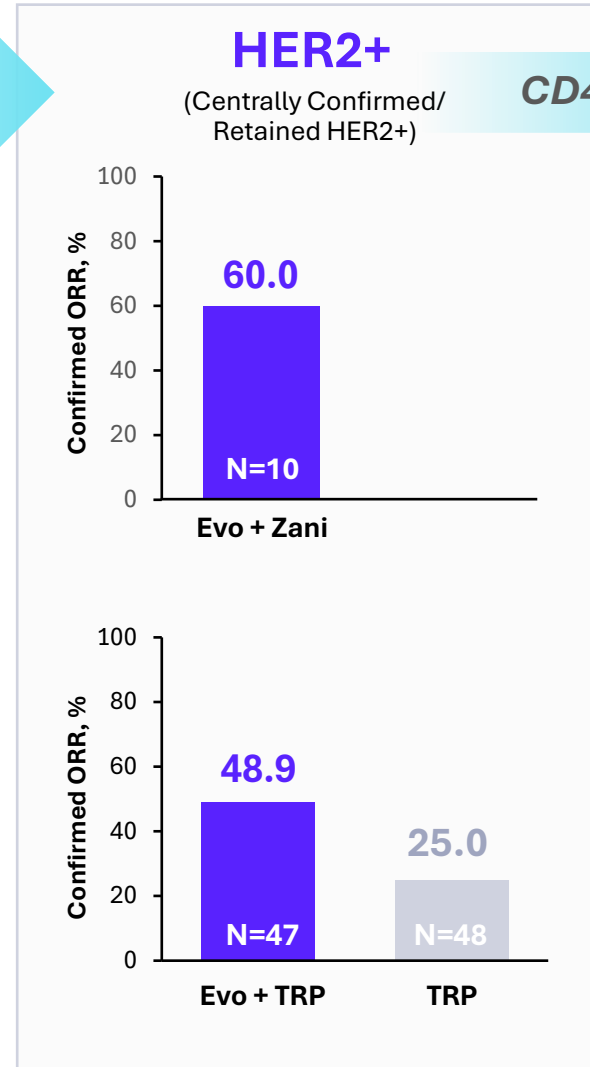


HER2+ Gastric Cancer²

Ph2 ASPEN-06



CD47 High and HER2+

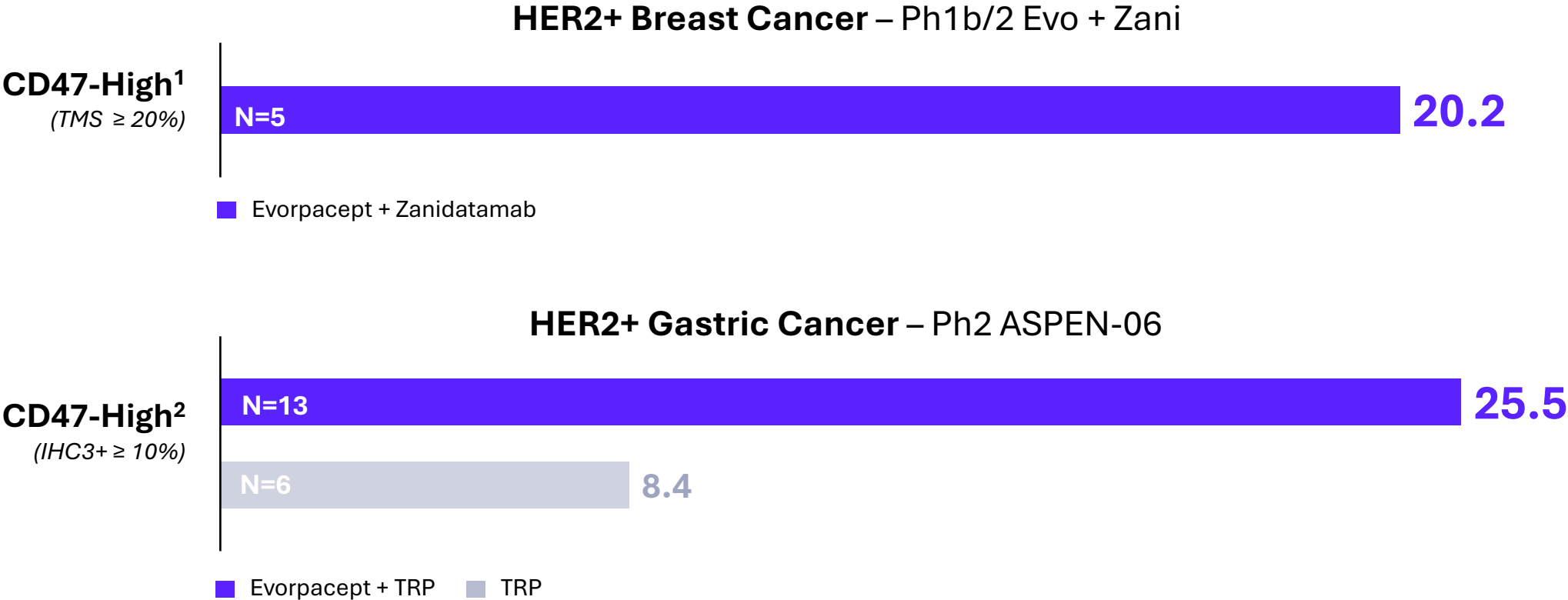


¹Data cutoff as of August 1, 2024; HER2-positive = IHC3+, IHC2+ / ISH+; ESMO Breast Cancer 2026, #72P; CD47 High = total membrane staining $\geq 20\%$; * Treatment Cohort 1 was preceded by an evo dose escalation cohort at 20 mg/kg (n=3, w/ HER2+ BC), of which one patient had centrally assessed HER2+ status.

²Wainberg et al., The 2025 Society for Immunotherapy of Cancer (SITC) Annual Meeting, November 5–9, 2025. Abstract #496. Note: Above results are based on pre-planned exploratory analysis of ASPEN-06 gastric study. Retained HER2+ based on fresh biopsy or ctDNA amplification. Data Cutoff as of May 15, 2025. T = trastuzumab; R = ramucirumab; P = paclitaxel. ; CD47 High defined as (IHC3+ $\geq 10\%$)

Long Median DOR in Patients with CD47-High Expression was Observed Across 2 Independent HER2-Directed Trials with Evorpacept

Median Duration of Response (Months)



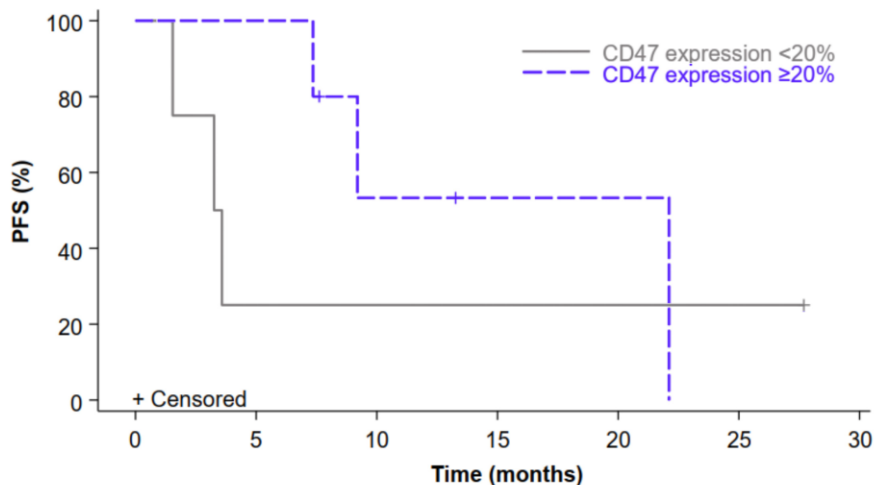
¹Data cutoff as of August 1, 2024; HER2-positive = IHC3+, IHC2+ / ISH+; ESMO Breast Cancer 2026, #72P; CD47 High = total membrane staining ≥ 20% in confirmed HER2+ cohort; * Treatment Cohort 1 was preceded by an evodo dose escalation cohort at 20 mg/kg (n=3, w/ HER2+ BC), of which one patient had centrally assessed HER2+ status.

²Wainberg et al., The 2025 Society for Immunotherapy of Cancer (SITC) Annual Meeting, November 5–9, 2025. Abstract #496. Note: Above results are based on pre-planned exploratory analysis of ASPEN-06 gastric study. Retained HER2+ based on fresh biopsy or ctDNA amplification. Data Cutoff as of May 15, 2025. T = trastuzumab; R = ramucirumab; P = paclitaxel.



Longer PFS in Patients with CD47-High Expression was Observed in Two Independent HER2 Directed Trials with Evorpaccept

**PFS - CD47 High vs. Low
Ph1b/2 Breast Cancer (Evo + Zani)
(Centrally confirmed HER2+ Patients)**

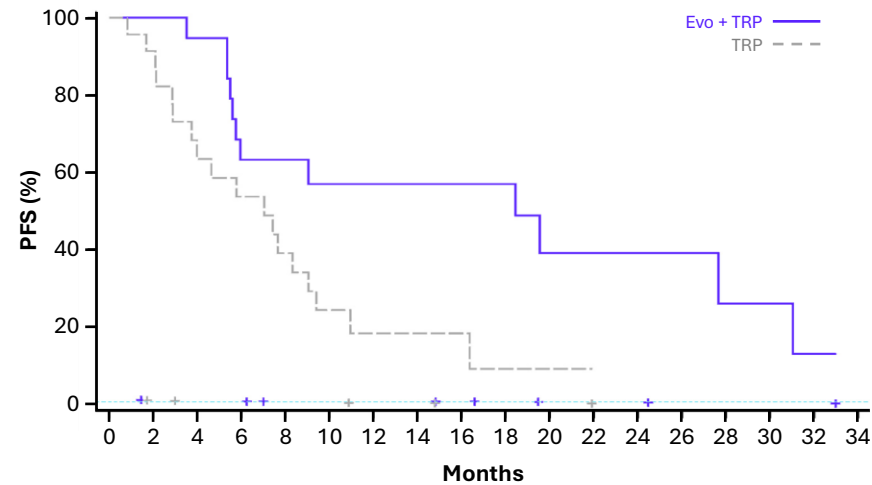


	0	5	10	15	20	25	30
CD47 expression <20%	4	1	1	1	1	1	0
CD47 expression ≥20%	5	5	2	1	1	0	

Median PFS

CD47 High (Evo + Zani): 22.1 mos
CD47 Low (Evo + Zani): 3.4 mos

**PFS - CD47 High
Ph2 Aspen-6 Gastric Cancer
(Retained HER2+ patients)**



	0	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24	26	28	30	32	34
Evo + TRP	20	19	18	12	10	9	9	9	8	7	4	4	4	3	2	2	1	0
TRP	23	20	13	11	8	5	3	3	2	1	1	0						

Median PFS

CD47 High (Evo + TRP): 18.4 mos
CD47 High (Control): 7.0 mos
HR = 0.39 (0.17, 0.86)

ESMO Breast Cancer 2026, #72P; Data cutoff: August 1, 2024; ccHER2, centrally confirmed human epidermal growth factor receptor 2; CD47 High = total membrane staining > 20%; ; PFS, progression-free survival.

Wainberg et al., The 2025 Society for Immunotherapy of Cancer (SITC) Annual Meeting, November 5–9, 2025. Abstract #496. Note: Above results are based on pre-planned exploratory analysis of ASPEN-06 gastric study. Retained HER2+ based on fresh biopsy or ctDNA amplification; PFS by Investigator assessment. Data Cutoff as of May 15, 2025. T = trastuzumab; R = ramucirumab; P = paclitaxel. CD47 High defined as (IHC3+ ≥ 10%)



Evorpaccept + TRP Showed Consistent Benefit Across Multiple CD47 Cut-Points in Retained HER2+ & CD47+ Patients in the ASPEN-06 Study

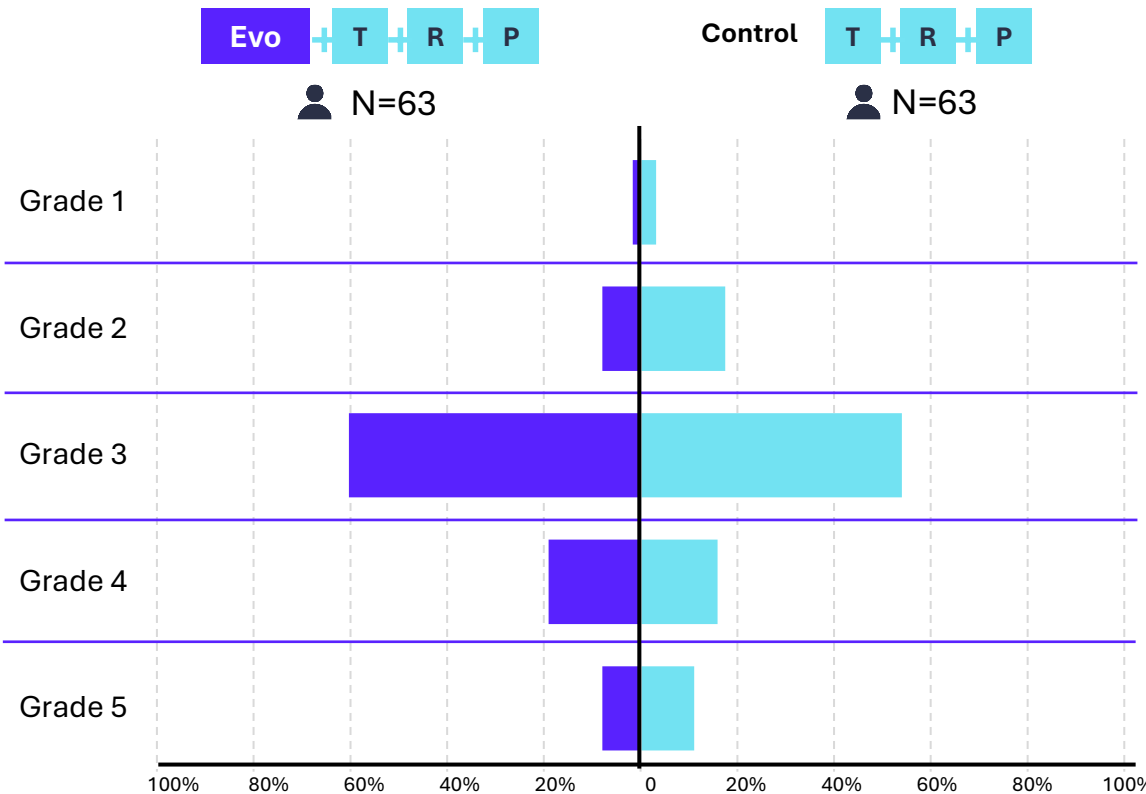
CD47 Cut-off ^a	% of HER2+ Subgroup (n=95)	ORR		PFS HR ^b (95% CI)	OS HR ^b (95% CI)
		Evorpaccept + TRP	TRP		
No cut-off	100%	49% (n=47)	25% (n=48)	0.72 (0.44, 1.18)	0.95 (0.58, 1.56)
≥10% Med/High	57%	56% (n=25)	24% (n=29)	0.40 (0.19, 0.82)	0.75 (0.39, 1.46)
≥25% Med/High	40%	60% (n=20)	22% (n=18)	0.36 (0.15, 0.84)	0.65 (0.30, 1.41)
≥5% High	51%	64% (n=22)	23% (n=26)	0.38 (0.17, 0.84)	0.66 (0.32, 1.37)
≥10% High	45%	65% (n=20)	26% (n=23)	0.39 (0.17, 0.86)	0.70 (0.33, 1.47)

^aCD47 cut-off defined by cell staining intensity: Medium = IHC2+; High = IHC3+.

^bThe HR is estimated from a Cox proportional hazards model with the treatment, region=Asia (Yes/No) and the use of prior T-DXd (Yes/No) as covariates

Evorpaccept Demonstrated a Manageable Safety Profile in ASPEN-06 and Consistently Across Trials

All causality adverse events, by grade



- The incidence of adverse events due to any cause was comparable by arm
- There were 12 patients with Grade 5 treatment emergent adverse events (5 for ETRP; 7 for TRP), only three of which were deemed to be treatment related: esophageal perforation and acute respiratory failure (ETRP), and pneumopathy (TRP). Neither event in ETRP was attributable to evorpaccept.

Evorpaccept has been studied in >750 patients treated to date, with the overall safety profile being characterized by generally manageable and reversible adverse events

Evo Evorpaccept **T** Trastuzumab **R** Ramucirumab **P** Paclitaxel

All G5 TEAEs: ETRP (N=5): sepsis N=2, esophageal perforation N=1, respiratory failure N=1, acute respiratory failure N=1. TRP (N=7): sepsis N=1, pneumonia/pneumopathy/respiratory infection N=1 each, sudden death N=1, death from unknown cause N=1, esophageal hemorrhage N=1; data cutoff as of 15May 2025
Two G5 TEAEs due to disease progression were not included for ETRP





ALX

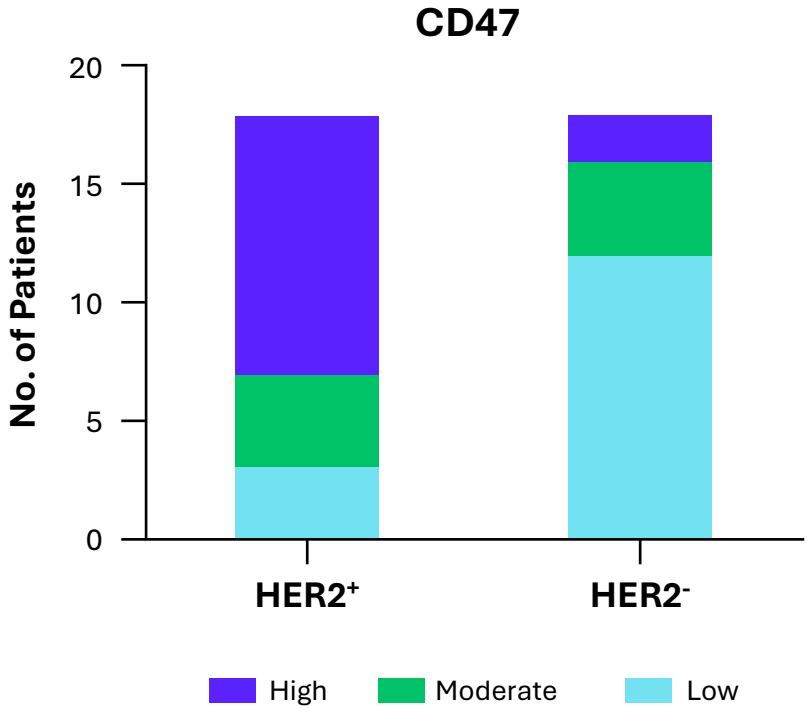
EVORPCEPT

Program Overview

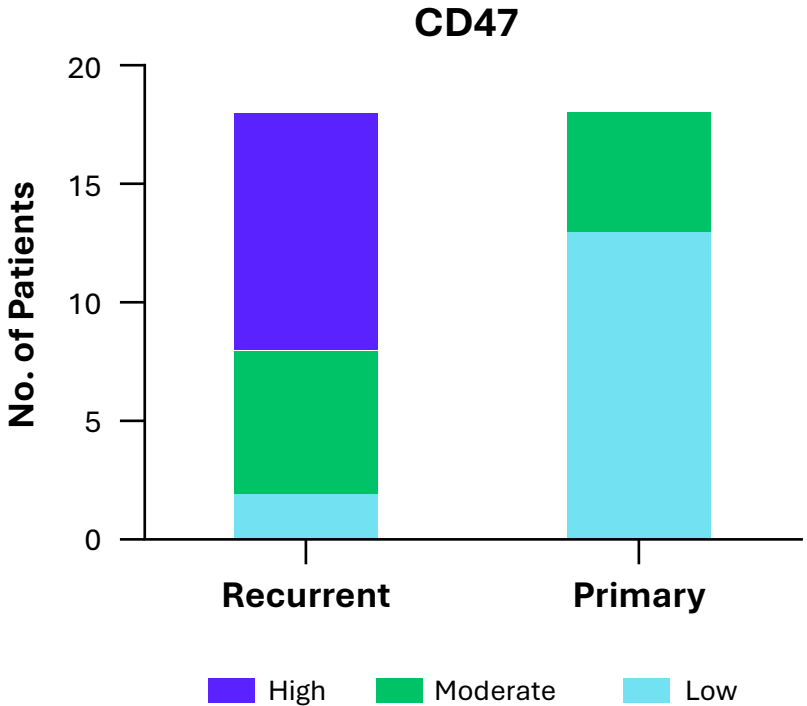
HER2+ Breast Cancer

CD47 Expression in Breast Cancer is Higher in HER2+ Disease, More Common in Resistant Cancer

CD47 Expression is Higher on HER2+ BC Cells vs HER2- and...



... CD47-High Cells are More Common in Recurrent HER2+ BC



Candas-green, et al, *Nature Communications* 2020



CD47 is Upregulated in Response to T-DXd (ENHERTU) Treatment in HER2-Positive Breast Cancer Cell Lines

T-DXd (Enhertu) Exposure Increases CD47 Expression



Flow cytometry assessment of surface CD47 expression on Au565 cells after 2 days of treatment with Enhertu's payload (DXd) or Kadcyła's payload (DM1) as compared to control (DMSO)

- Per Tsao, Nature Communications, 2025 : "Interestingly, we found that DXd treatment raised surface CD47 levels in HER2 + BC cells."
- Provides validation that CD47 is a key mode of Enhertu evasion and resistance in HER2+ breast cancer patients

ASPEN-09 Phase 2: Evorpaccept with Trastuzumab and Chemotherapy in HER2+ Breast Cancer - Currently Enrolling

Key Eligibility Criteria

- HER2+ mBC (IHC3+ or IHC2+/ISH+)
- Measurable disease per RECIST 1.1
- Prior ENHERTU (trastuzumab deruxtecan; T-DXd)
- All approved treatments are allowed post T-DXd therapy
- ECOG 0-1

N=80-120



Evorpaccept

+

Trastuzumab

+

Physician's Choice Chemo¹

Key Objectives

Primary

- ORR in CD47+ subpopulation

Secondary

- Efficacy in CD47+ sub-population by HER2 ctDNA status
- CBR, DOR, PFS, OS, and safety

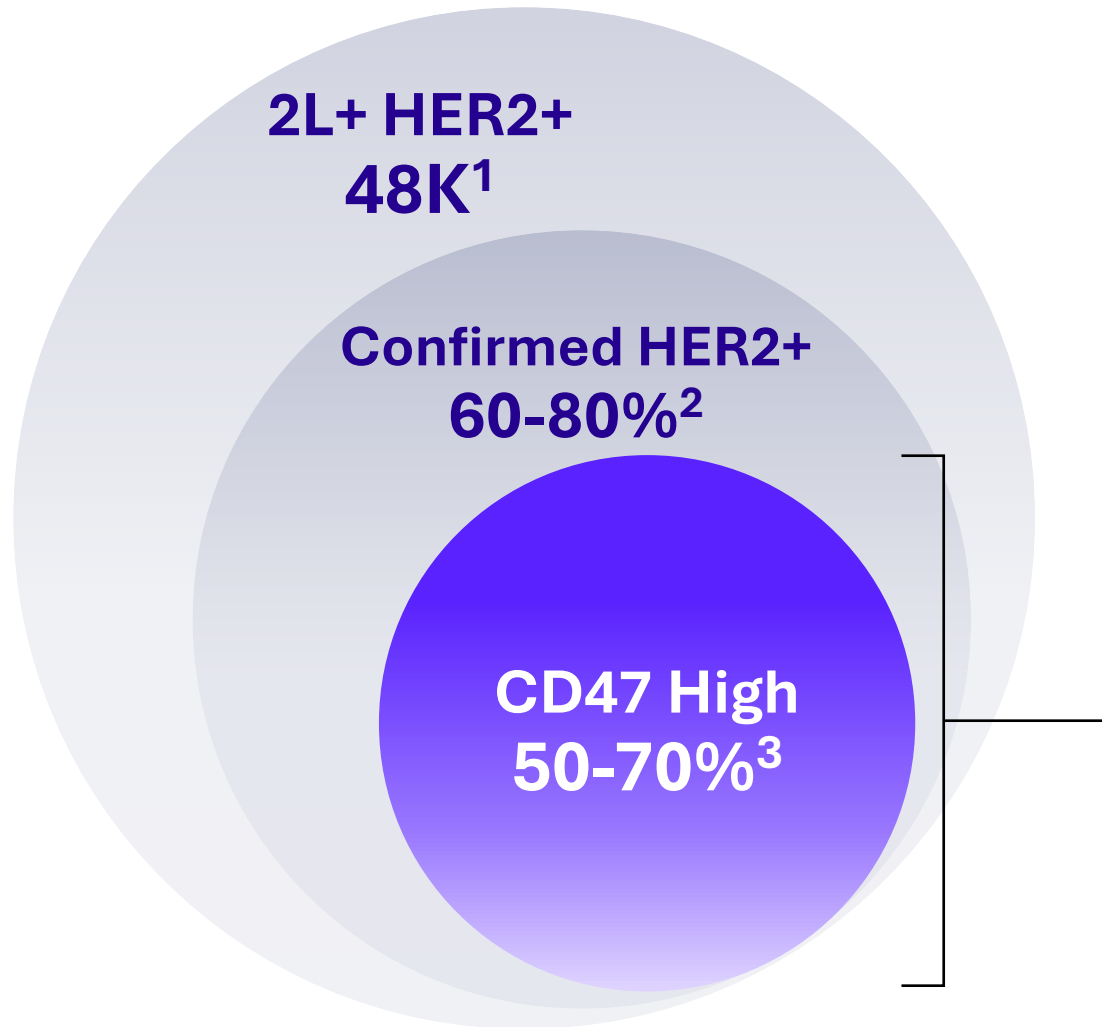
Exploratory

- Efficacy by CD47-status and ctDNA status

- Inclusion of both CD47-high and CD47-low patients enables evaluation of the value of CD47 as a biomarker for evorpaccept and will inform the design of a registrational study

Topline data for 80 patients anticipated mid-2027

HER2+ and CD47-High 2L+ BC Represents a Significant Initial Commercial Opportunity with Potential to Move into Earlier Lines of Therapy



- ~20K addressable patients are CD47-high
- Represents \$2-4B market opportunity in CD47-high, HER2+ 2L+ BC⁴

Annual market opportunity based on: 1. US, EU5, JPN addressable patients; ~18k patients in the US; 2. ALX advisory board feedback on breast cancer trial; 3. ALX analysis of Alhanafy, 2024; Sun, 2022; Kosaka, 2021; Chen, 2022; Yuan, 2019 and Tsao, 2025; 4. Monthly price estimate is based on benchmarks in US and extrapolated to core markets.

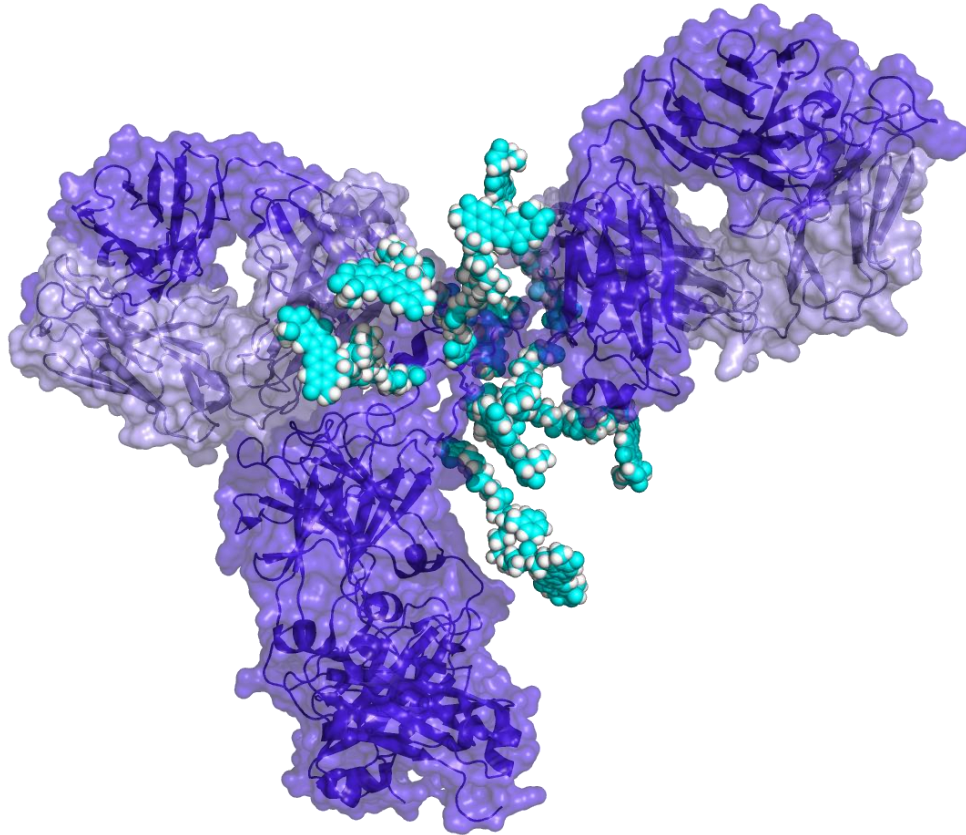


ALX

ALX2004

EGFR ADC

ALX2004 was Designed to Maximize the Therapeutic Window and Has the Potential to Establish Proof-of-Concept Early in Development Cycle



ALX2004

EGFR-targeted ADC
DAR 8 topoisomerase I
Inhibitor payload (Top1i)

- **EGFR Antibody**

Matuzumab-derived EGFR antibody selected to minimize off-tumor skin toxicity and to maximize therapeutic window

Epitope distinct from that of FDA-approved EGFR antibodies

- **Proprietary Linker-Payload**

Lysosomal cleavage like deruxtecan ADCs with improved linker-antibody stability to minimize off-tumor payload release

- **Proprietary top1i Payload, DAR 8**

Top1i with similar direct cytotoxic potency and enhanced bystander activity compared to deruxtecan

Preclinical Data Support Dose Dependent Activity and Differentiated Safety Profile

ANTI-TUMOR ACTIVITY

- **Dose-dependent activity** across a range of tumors, EGFR expression levels, and mutations
- **Potent anti-tumor activity** in clinically relevant xenograft models
- Demonstrated dose-dependent **activity in patient-derived CRC model**












SAFETY

Safety profile in **NHP toxicity studies support clinical development plans**

- Does **not show EGFR-related skin toxicity** at clinically relevant doses
- **No evidence of payload-related ILD** in NHP toxicity studies, potentially due to linker stability

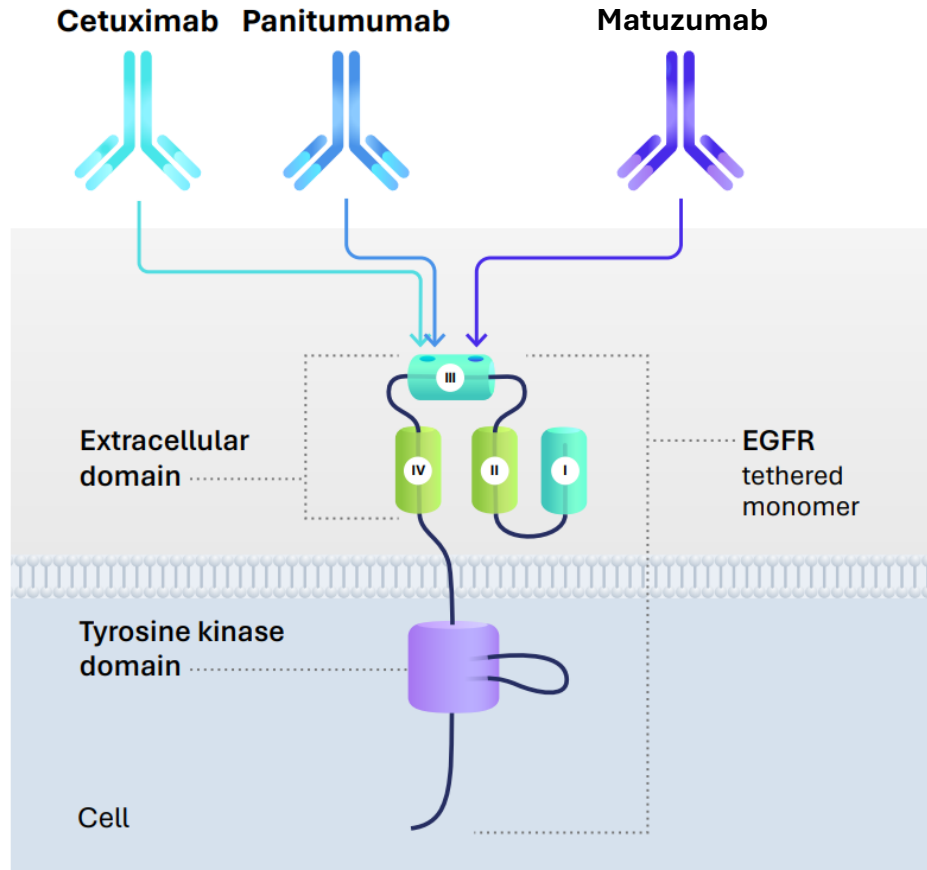
Highly Differentiated Design for ALX2004 Optimizes Validated Payload and Antibody to Maximize the Potential for Success

	ALX2004	EGFR ADCs (monospecific)	EGFR ADCs (bispecific)
Payload tolerability	 <i>Proprietary Top1i payload</i>	 <i>Mostly MMAE or eribulin (↑ toxic)</i>	 <i>Majority utilize Top1i payload</i>
Validated drug target	 <i>Validated EGFR target</i>	 <i>Validated EGFR target</i>	 <i>Unvalidated secondary target / combination</i>
Optimized antibody	 <i>Differentiated epitope and affinity</i>	 <i>Mostly cetuximab based</i>	 <i>Bispecific complexity</i>

ALX2004 Design Approach

- **Select optimal linker and payload. Top1i most validated and tolerable payload**
- **Use validated targets and drug designs**
- **Maximize therapeutic window through binding epitope and affinity**

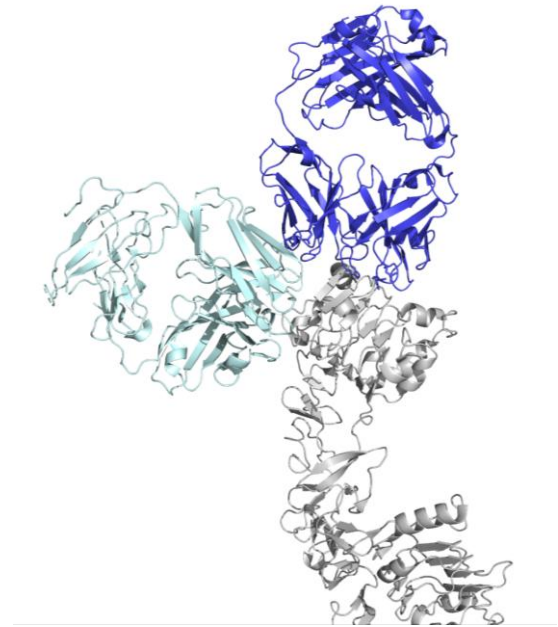
ALX2004's Matuzumab Derived Antibody Binds to a Non-Overlapping EGFR Epitope Compared to Cetuximab and Panitumumab



Blue: Cetuximab
Magenta: Panitumumab
Grey: EGFR domain III



Blue: Cetuximab
Cyan: Matuzumab
Grey: EGFR domain III



Matuzumab vs. cetuximab or panitumumab for an ADC backbone

- Unique binding domain selected for differentiated safety profile
- More likely to be active in Ph1 trials where patients have prior cetuximab or panitumumab exposure

ALX2004 Linker-Payload Designed to Deliver Payloads to Tumors, Not the Periphery

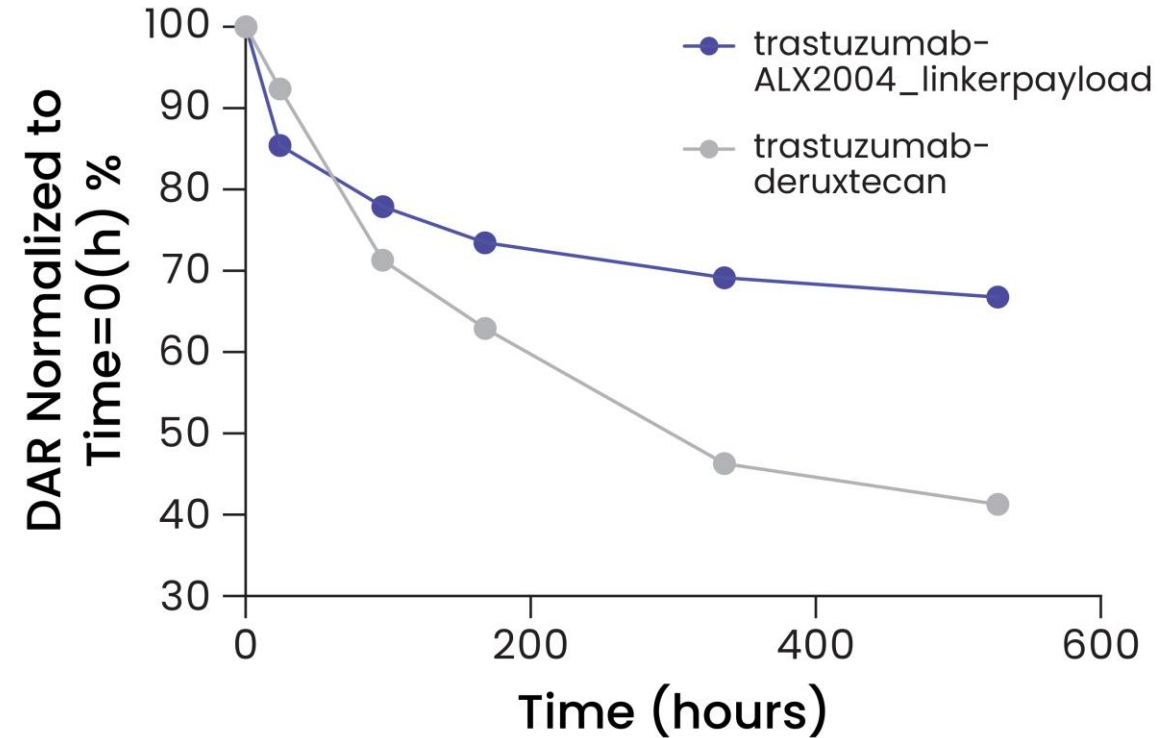
Less drug delivered to off-tumor, off-target tissues

- ALX2004 linker designed with improved stability in circulation to minimize off-tumor linker-payload release

More drug delivered to the tumor

- ALX2004 linker-payload shows improved extracellular stability over industry-standard deruxtecan linker-payload

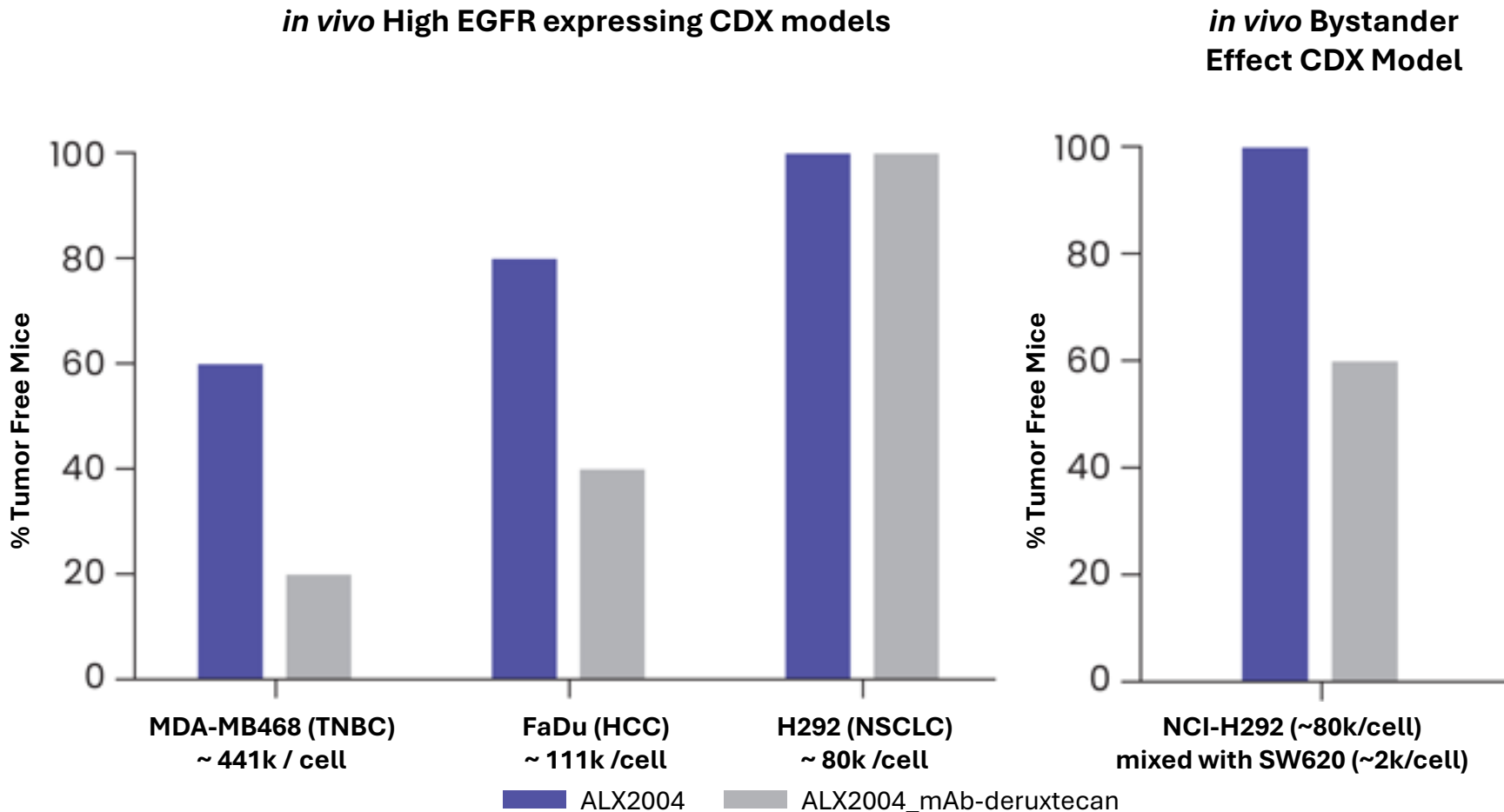
Analysis of drug-to-antibody ratio over time in NHP model



ALX's proprietary linker-payload conjugated to trastuzumab shows improved stability compared to in-house generated trastuzumab-deruxtecan

ALX Proprietary Linker-Payload Shows Superior Activity Compared to Deruxtecan ADCs in CDX Mouse Models

Percent of tumor-free mice in models with varying levels of EGFR expression
(N=5 mice / bar)



- ALX2004 performed as well or better vs. deruxtecan comparator in high-mid EGFR-expressing mouse models
- ALX2004 outperformed deruxtecan comparator in bystander effect model
- Improved bystander effect also demonstrated in cell-based bystander effect assay

ALX2004 Shows Potent Anti-Tumor Activity Across Multiple Tumor Types, Varying Levels of EGFR Expression and Mutational Status

HCC827 (NSCLC)

EGFRdel19 mt
EGFR: 145,000/cell surface

NCI-H1975 (NSCLC)

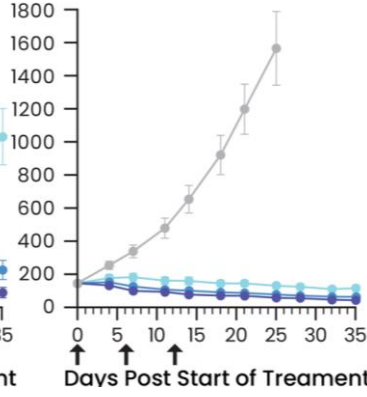
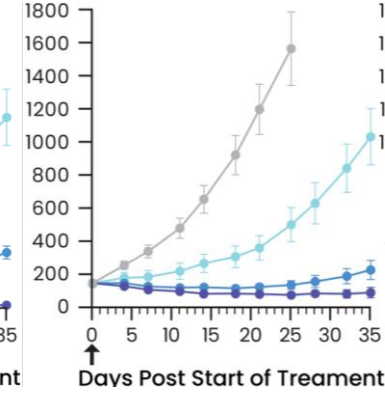
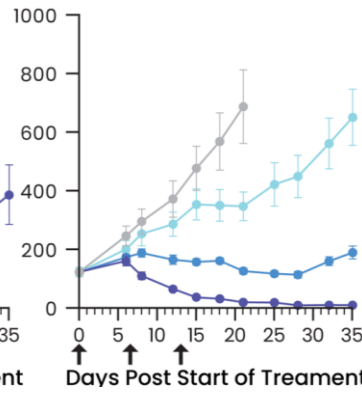
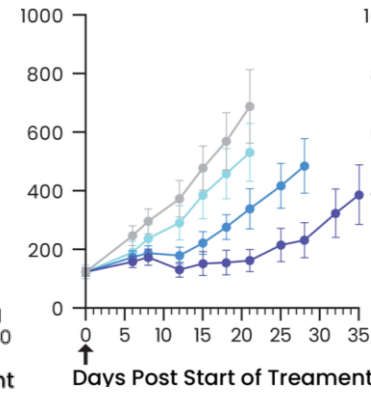
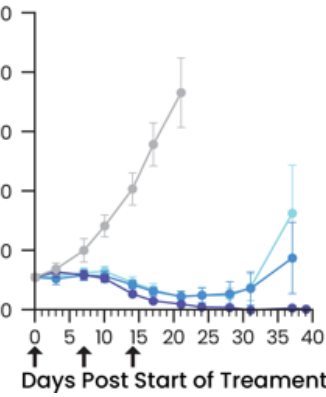
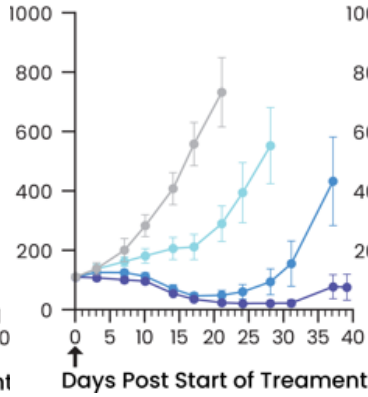
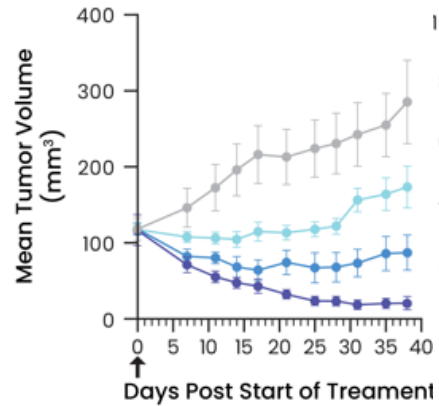
EGFR L858R/T790M mt,
EGFR: 50,000/cell surface

COLO205 (CRC)

wt EGFR, BRAF V600E
EGFR: 12,000 /cell surface

HCT116 (CRC)

wt EGFR, KRAS G12D
EGFR: 20,000/cell surface



NCI-H292 (NSCLC)

wt EGFR
EGFR: 80,000 / cell surface

A549 (NSCLC)

wt EGFR, KRAS G12S
EGFR: 27,000 / cell surface

FaDu (HNC)

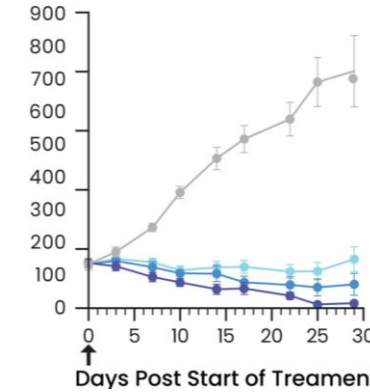
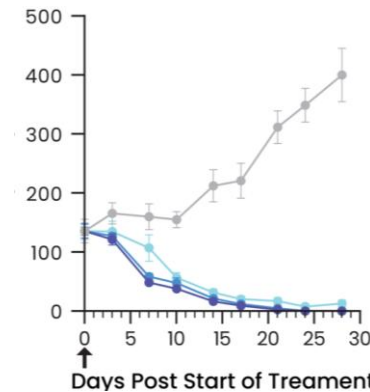
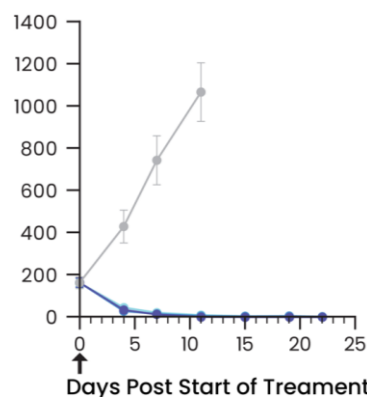
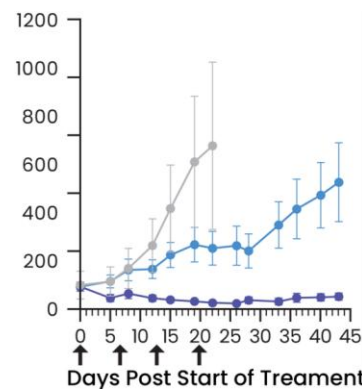
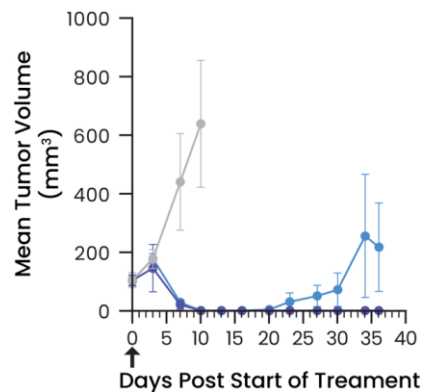
wt EGFR P53 R248L mutation
EGFR: 111,000/cell surface

MDA-MB-468 (TNBC)

wt EGFR, P53 R273C
EGFR: 441,000 EGFR /cell surface

CFPAC-1 (PDAC)

wt EGFR, KRAS G12V
EGFR: 62,000/cell surface



● Vehicle control
● ALX2004, 10 mg/kg
● ALX2004, 3 mg/kg
● ALX2004, 1 mg/kg

Safety Profile Findings in NHP Toxicity Support Clinical Development Plans

GLP NHP Toxicology Study

Design

6-week repeat dose (Q3W dosing) with 6-week recovery period at 5, 10 and 20 mg/kg

Key Findings

10 mg/kg dose (n=10)

NOAEL (*No Observed Adverse Effect Level*)

20 mg/kg dose (n=10)

HNSTD (*Highest Non Severely Toxic Dose*)

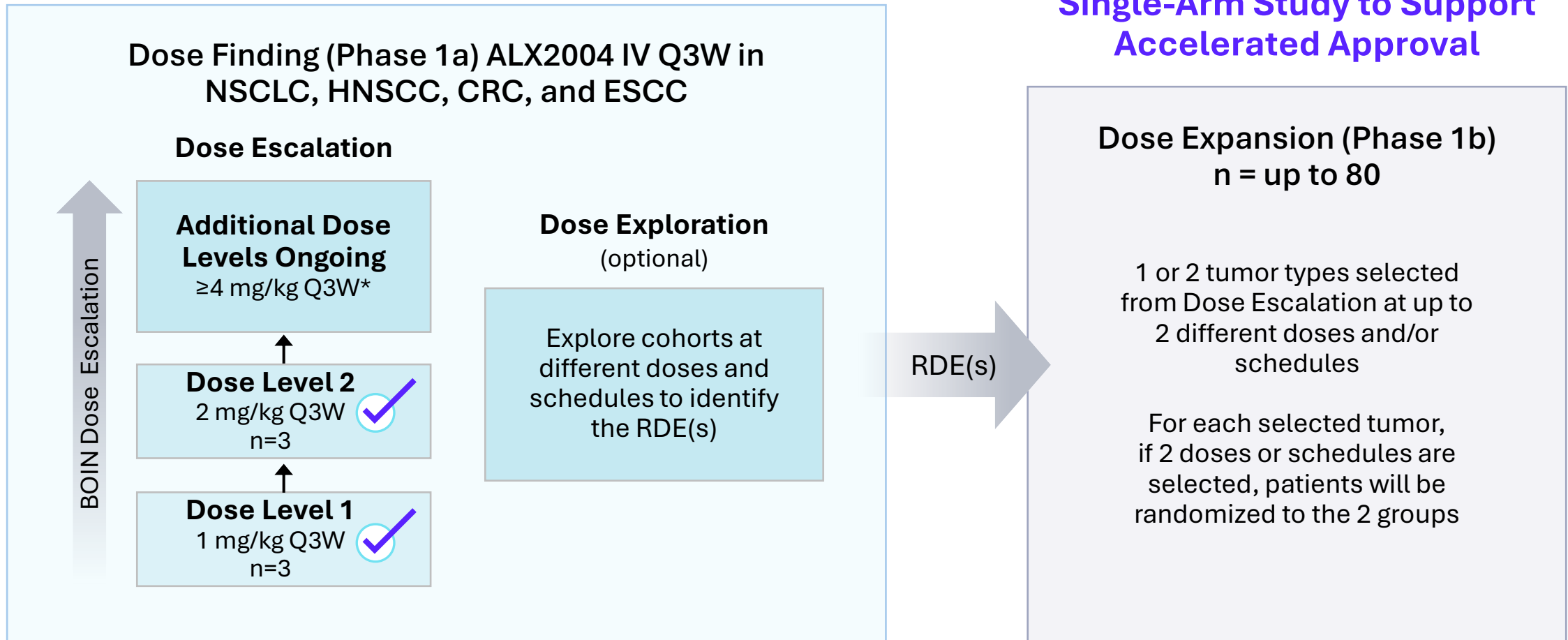
- All findings are minimal to moderate and fully recoverable
- No dose limiting major target organ toxicity, including on-target toxicity (i.e. skin or other EGFR expressing cells)
- No evidence of ILD



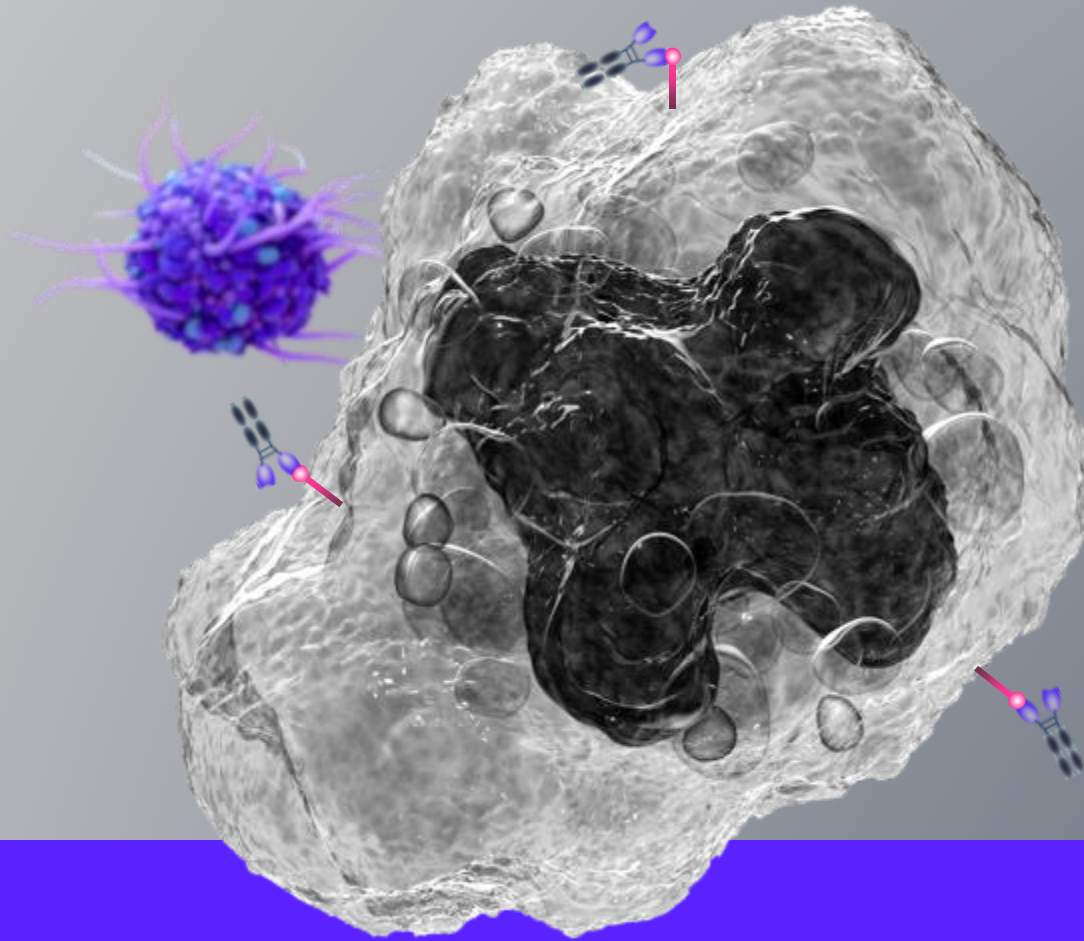
Phase 1 Clinical Development Plan in EGFR-Expressing Tumors

Initial Safety Data Anticipated 2H 2026

Potential to Expand into Phase 2
Single-Arm Study to Support
Accelerated Approval



HNSCC: head and neck squamous cell carcinoma; CRC: colorectal cancer; NSCLC: non-small cell lung cancer; ESCC: esophageal squamous cell carcinoma; RDE: recommended dose for expansion; * Additional dose levels and dosing regimens may also be tested.



NASDAQ – ALXO

ALX[™]
ONCOLOGY

ALX is Rapidly Advancing Two Novel Cancer Treatments with Multiple Near-Term Catalysts

- 1** ALX is focused on **driving toward multiple inflection points in 2026 and 2027** across both programs – evorpaccept and ALX2004

- 2** Evorpaccept biomarker strategy validated by data from both the Ph2 ASPEN-06 gastric cancer and the Ph1b/2 breast cancer trials, supporting potential to drive compelling benefit in ongoing **HER2+ breast cancer trial of evorpaccept with trastuzumab and chemo**

- 3** ALX2004 is a **highly differentiated ADC** in development for EGFR-expressing solid tumors enrolling in a phase 1 trial which is on track

- 4** **\$150M gross proceeds** from February 2026 strengthens balance sheet and is sufficient to fund planned operations through the first half of 2028



ALX

Thank You.

www.ALXOncology.com